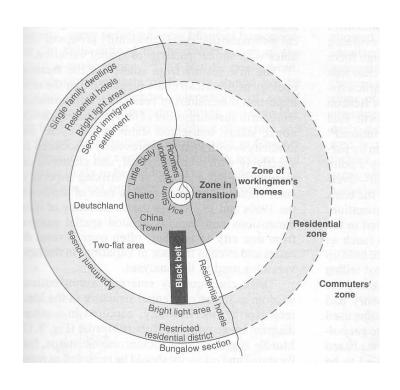


## Why discuss housing?

- Dominates all aspects of urban planning and policy
  - important land use type, work for planners
  - principal source of wealth creation
  - Provides anchor for family/community
- Topics that are discussed
  - Understanding how the system works
  - Role of the federal government
  - Housing finance
  - Design/planning

#### Settlement Patterns



#### Traditional view

- As groups become more integrated into a society's social and economic institutions, their need to remain concentrated in ethnically dense neighborhoods diminishes
- Examples

#### Explaining residential segregation

- Ecological or Assimilation Model
  - Concept of residential succession
  - Segregation is viewed as temporary
  - Related to socio-economic status
  - Related to people's ability to pay
- Ethnic Congregation Model
  - Voluntary character of residential segregation
  - "they like to live with their own kind"
  - Enclave as a haven from a hostile world
- Anglos prefer to live with other Anglos, and do not want to live with Blacks or Latinos, regardless of the socio-economic status of these minority groups

### **Alternative Explanations**

- There are persistent institutional factors that place constraints on the residential choices available to minorities?
  - Zoning, restrictive covenants
  - Discriminatory acts by landlords
  - Redlining, continued inequities in access to capital
  - Reverse redlining, i.e., containing, steering prospective buyers to specific areas of the city

#### Measuring Segregation

- Index of Dissimilarity
  - A way of measuring residential segregation
  - The overall unevenness in the distribution of two groups across areal units (such as census tracts)
  - 0 to 100 (with 100 being total segregation)
    - http://www.censusscope.org/us/m1600/chart\_dissimilarity.html
    - http://enceladus.isr.umich.edu/race/calculate.html

# Federal Housing Policy

- Promote home ownership
  - Tax incentives
  - Housing as commodity
  - Targeted loans for first-time/low-income buyers
- □ Assist low-income renters
  - Public housing
  - Developer subsidies for affordable housing
  - Rental subsidies
- Promote community development
  - Model Cities
  - Block grants (CDBG)
  - Empowerment Zones
- Guarantee fair housing
  - HMDA/CRA

# A Housing Plan for a community

- Research
  - Who should be involved/invited to the conversation
- Process for citizen participation and consultation
- Identify available resources for housing
- Assess local housing maket
- Prepare a needs assessment
  - Housing stock
  - Overcrowding/ Affordability
  - Other Service Needs
  - Forecast future demand
- □ Goals, Objectives → Projects
- Action, Implementation, Monitoring